Feasible Extraction of Wheat Residues in the Westrn Cape Legend Major Cities and Towns Sugar Production (t/a) 0.6073 - 5596.7241 5596.7241 - 16586.2955 16586.2955 - 33657.1201 33657.1201 - 65328.8182 65328.8182 - 112096.0147 Provinces Anysberg-Nature Reserve Robertson Cape Town Stellenbosch agriculture, forestry & fisheries UNIVERSITY OF " INYUVESI YAKWAZULU-NATALI Hermanus Jongensfo NRF SAEON ional Research Foundation Observation Network Gansbaai Author(s): Hugo, W Date: 2015

Meta-Data

THE PARTY		
Title	Feasible Extraction of Wheat Residues in the Westrn Cape	
File Name	MESO_WRE.shp	
Author(s)	Hugo, W	
Publication Date	2015	
Citation	Hugo, W, 2014. Feasible Extraction of Wheat Residue in the Western Cape. In: Hugo W. (Ed). 2015. South African BioEnergy Atlas. DST, Pretoria, RSA, Section WP05_04.	
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Abstract	Data was derived from the following sources: * Extent of commercial wheat farming inWestern Cape was obtained from the Department of Agriculture of the Western Cape (2014). * On such land, production of wheat was estimated from scaled net primary productivity (Schulze et. al.) with yield estimates applied to recent average (10 year) wheat production in the province, derived from Department of Agriculture Annual Statistics. * Residue production was calculated based on a fixed percentage of the residue - 15% - allowing for soil conditioning (50%) and animal feed (35%).	
Keywords	biomass, potential, agriculture, residue, wheat	

Caveats	http://bea.dirisa.org/resources/metadata-sheets/WP05_04_META_WRE.pdf
Web Meta-Data	
Web Resource	http://app01.saeon.ac.za:8085/geoserver/WP05/wms?service=WMS&version=1.1.0&request=G
	<u>etMap&layers=WP05:meso_WRS&styles=&bbox=16.451920000028533,-</u>
	<u>34.83416989569374,32.892531746697685,-</u>
	<u>22.125030000001036&width=512&height=395&srs=EPSG:4326&format=application/openlayers</u>

Methodology/ Protocol

Processing/ Provenance	As described above

Important Attributes

MESO_ID	Meso-zone ID
INF_HA	Subsistence and Underutilised farmland in mesozone, ha
AREA	Area cultivated, ha
WRE	Residue harvestable, t/ annum, based on 15% of dry residues

References and Sources

	Schulze, R.E. and Walker, N.J. 2007. Maize Yield Estimation. In: Schulze, R.E. (Ed). 2007.
[1]	South African Atlas of Climatology and Agrohydrology. Water Research
	Commission, Pretoria, RSA, WRC Report 1489/1/06, Section 16.2.
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[2]	of Climatology and Agrohydrology. Water Research Commission, Pretoria, RSA,
	WRC Report 1489/1/06, Section 14.1."
[3]	Extent of crop farming and typology in the Western Cape, obtained from Department of Agriculture, Elsenburg- 2014
[4]	Hugo, W 2014. Crop Yield Ratios and Potential for Yield Improvement, South African BioEnergy Atlas, DST, Pretoria, South Africa, 2015. Section WP03_00_CROP_YIELD